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HONOLULU, H. T., TUESDAY, JULY 15, 1902—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE No. 2401.

QUEEN ON THE CHINA

Arrived From the Coast Last Night.

The Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s China, Commander D. E. Friele, arrived from San Francisco at 8 o'clock last night with mails and a fair passenger list. Queen Liliuokalani and party were passengers on the ship. The Queen was met by a large number of people at the wharf and came ashore about 9 o'clock. The Queen's party included Mr. J. K. Aea, Mr. J. D. Almoku and Miss Myra Heleluhe. The Queen did not have a very pleasant passage. Although never a good sailor, she seemed to suffer a great deal more from seasickness on this trip than she has on previous ones and remained in her stateroom during the greater part of the trip. She felt very well, though, when the steamer came in sight of the islands and greeted a party composed of Prince Cupid, Princess Kaiulani, Mrs. Abraham Fernandez, Miss Fernandez, Miss Heleluhe, Delegate and Mrs. Wilcox, Mr. J. C. Carter, Mr. W. O. Smith and others, very pleasantly.

Probably the largest crowd that has greeted a steamer here for some time was on the wharf when the China arrived.

Among the passengers for Honolulu were Mr. W. H. Castle, Mrs. Castle and Miss Castle, who are returning with their son, A. L. Castle, from the Hotchkiss Training School. He was very ill at school but has now recovered and seems to be in his old athletic form, as he won nearly all the honors that his sister did not win in the sports held on board the China. He was one of the best all-around athletes turned out by Oahu College.

Mr. Albert Afong is returning home from Harvard College.

Mr. R. A. Cooke is returning from school. Mr. H. F. Damon is also returning from school.

Mrs. R. D. Mead is returning to Honolulu after a visit of several weeks on the mainland.

Captain W. C. W. Renny is returning from a several weeks' visit on the coast.

The remaining passengers for Honolulu were: Mrs. George H. Barker, Miss Ruth Beckwith, Mr. A. L. Black, Mrs. A. Blom and infant, Mr. M. B. Cahn, Mr. S. H. Derby, Mr. W. E. Heine, Miss E. P. Howard, Misses E. P. and H. N. Leffingwell, Mr. L. C. Pistolesi, Mr. J. Rader, Miss V. B. Rich, Mr. C. E. Sedgewick, Mr. and Mrs. W. Silver.

Among passengers bound for China and Japan who will stop over here are Mr. C. E. Fradgely, Mr. W. B. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hubbell, Mr. P. U. Welch and Mr. B. Honig.

Mrs. C. M. Jewell and Miss Gilman, two missionaries, are returning to Peking.

Lieut. Bennett, U. S. N., is a passenger for Yokohama.

Mrs. Julia Carothers, one of the pioneer missionaries of Japan, is returning. She first worked in Japan in 1858 and was the author of some of the earliest works in English on Japan.

Mr. J. Reifander, formerly of the United States Navy, is a passenger for Kobe. He is on a round-the-world trip. Mr. D. Wing, a prominent flour miller of San Francisco, is taking his family on a visit to China.

Mr. Robert Dollar, a well known San Francisco steamship owner, and Mrs. Dollar, are passengers for Hongkong. Mr. Dollar has a fleet of steamers trading along the Pacific coast and now intends to establish a line to China. One of his ships, the Arab, will meet him in Hongkong.

Rev. Dr. Rankin, of the Presbyterian Church South, is a notable passenger. He is a man of wide and high reputation in the States, and is on a tour of inspection of the missions of that church in Japan, China and the Philippine Islands. If time permits, he is desirous of stopping over on his return trip to become personally acquainted with the Hawaiian field. He is interested to find that some of the original bands of missionaries in Hawaii were of the South.

Miss Howard, principal of the Knoxville, Illinois, Young Ladies' Seminary, visits Honolulu. She is a cousin of Mrs. Dr. J. M. Whitney and comes for a needed rest. With her are the Misses Leffingwell, daughters of the well known Episcopal clergyman, who are here for a vacation. They are sure to acquire here the delightful popularity they left behind.

Other passengers for the Orient are: For Yokohama, Geo. Borek, F. Bruckman Jr., S. Kimura, For Kobe—J. Reifander and R. Morimoto, For Nagasaki, Mrs. A. C. Perkins, Miss Perkins, For Shanghai, H. S. Alward.

The China left San Francisco at 2 p. m. on July 8. She sails today at noon for Yokohama.

Lament for Governor.

NEW YORK, July 5.—The Commercial Advertiser says: Daniel S. Lamont is to be the Democratic candidate for Governor of the State of New York, unless the present plans of David B. Hill, Grover Cleveland and "Big Tim" Sullivan, who practically represent Tammany Hall and the Willoughby-street organization in State matters, fail of accomplishment.

DEMOCRATS STANDING SOLID FOR THE PRINCE

They Are Ready to Indorse Him If He Will Run On an Independent Platform—Wilcox a Dead Leader.

DEMOCRATS of Honolulu pin their faith to Prince Cupid Kalaui. He will doubtless give him their endorsement for Congress.

At a general meeting of Democrats held last evening in Waverly Hall, at which Colonel C. J. McCarthy presided, every speaker on the floor endorsed in the highest terms Prince Cupid for Delegate to Congress. All admitted that no nominee of their own would stand a ghost of a show in being elected, and in Cupid they see where they can make their votes count for something. The hope was expressed that Prince Cupid would stand upon an entirely independent platform, free of local issues, and they felt certain that he would not only be endorsed and voted for by the Independent or progressive Hawaiians' party, but by the Democratic party, and there was a glimmering chance that the Republicans would stand behind the young ally.

Colonel Cornwell, the Democratic National committeeman for Hawaii, spoke first of the opportunity which the Democratic party had to stand behind Prince Cupid and he felt that the party could not make a wiser move than to place the name of Cupid at the head of their ticket.

As for Wilcox, the Democrats generally conceded that the nomination of Cupid meant the political death of Wilcox and Kalaui, and the rise of a progressive Hawaiian spirit in place of the old Bourbon methods practiced by the original Home Rule party.

A committee of fifteen Democrats will be appointed this morning by Colonel McCarthy to effect a preliminary organization of the Democratic party in Hawaii and their report is to be presented at a meeting to be held next Monday evening. The committee will also probably suggest who shall be the nominee of the party for Congress. On this committee Colonel McCarthy will be the ex-officio chairman, and Edmund Hart, ex-officio secretary.

Another committee, consisting of Colonel Cornwell, Colonel McCarthy and one Hawaiian, will be in readiness to wait upon Senator Blackburn when he arrives with the Senatorial party and ascertain his desires as to obtaining general information as to conditions in Hawaii, and also as to the Democratic party here.

Fred Terrill said that Cupid was bound to be the leader of his race, and Wilcox was a dying figure in politics. Charles Creighton considered Cupid the most available man the Democrats had. With his social attainments and gentlemanly manner he was sure to obtain aid for Hawaii, even though he had no vote in Congress. If he stands firm in his position with the young Hawaiians and takes kindly to a combination with the Democrats, it meant the defeat of Wilcox. Kaula's "snake" would be killed when Wilcox failed to get elected.

Colonel McCarthy endorsed the same sentiments. At Washington Hawaii had obtained nothing through Wilcox. He was there presumably to represent Hawaii, but he represented only himself. He had no ability. Cupid was an aggressive young man and had intelligence. He is a man who has the welfare of his country at heart. He is not a self-seeker. As for the Legislature, the best men must be voted for by the Democrats. Colonel McCarthy then suggested the appointment of a committee of fifteen to effect a preliminary organization of the party.

Colonel Cornwell stated that if Cupid ran for Congress it would be on an independent platform. He knew this. He did not believe Cupid expected a nomination from the Democrats or Republicans. Terrill raised a laugh when he said that Wilcox stood only for \$100 a month and mileage.

When the question of receiving the Senatorial committee came up, Colonel Cornwell stated he had had a letter from Senator Blackburn respecting the Democratic party in Hawaii and what it should do, and he did not believe that Wilcox had ever received a written communication from him as he had stated, although he may have conversed with him. The letter pointed out that conferences between S. M. Damon, Colonel McCarthy, Colonel Cornwell and others must be carried on, and he thought it was the ultimate destiny of the Home Rule party to unite with the Democrats. If Wilcox was defeated, Cornwell felt certain that the Home Rule party would merge with the Democrats.

Efinger looked forward—possibly a couple of decades—when he laughingly suggested that Blackburn should know fully about the Democratic party here as when Congress next became Democratic the Senator would know who to nominate for Governor, postmaster, secretary and other offices.

Jack' Flynn suggested that the best way to receive Senator Blackburn would be at an "at home," where an informal talk could be indulged in by all. The suggestion was favorably received.

WHITING WILL RELIEVE MERRY

Captain William H. Whiting, whose wife was an Afong, has been detailed to succeed Admiral J. F. Merry as commandant of the Honolulu Naval Station.

This news was received last evening in private letters by friends, and the further information was conveyed that the new commandant might be expected about August 1, though his passage might be taken in the Korea, leaving the coast on that date.

Captain Whiting was in Honolulu during the war in command of the monitor Monterey, and the length of his stay here caused some trouble for him after his arrival in Manila. Recently he has been in command of the receiving ship Independence at the Mare Island Navy Yard.

NO ALARM FOR THE MOHICAN

Although the Mohican is now out 55 days from Yokohama for Honolulu there seems to be no alarm felt for her by the Navy Department in Washington.

Mrs. Crowden, wife of the commandant of the Mohican, resides in Victoria, British Columbia, and on hearing of the report of the vessel being overdue in Honolulu she telegraphed to the department in Washington and received a reply stating that no alarm was felt for the safety of the vessel in Washington.

It seems that the Mohican only carried a small amount of coal from Yokohama and that she was thus expected to use her sails and would be likely to have a long voyage to this port.

Canada's Great Hopes

NEW YORK, July 8.—At a meeting of the Hudson Bay Company, Lord Strathcona expressed the opinion, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune, that in another decade Canada would be able to supply the whole of the foodstuffs of the United Kingdom.

ANDREE WAS MURDERED

Killed by Eskimo In American Arctic.

WINNIPEG (Man.), July 5.—Rev. Dr. Ferlies, a Church of England clergyman, arrived from New York Factory, Northwest Territory, today and brings authentic information of the fate of the explorer Andree and his companions. Two years ago, 1890 miles north of York, a party of Esquimaux, under the leadership of "Old Husky," saw the Andree balloon alight on a plain of snow in that vicinity, which is about two miles north of Fort Churchill. Three men emerged from the balloon, and some of Husky's people approached out of curiosity. As they did so one of Andree's companions fired off a gun.

This is the signal to uncivilized people for battle. It is regarded as a challenge, and almost instantly the natives fell upon the three explorers and massacred them. Everything pertaining to their outfit was carried away to the homes of the natives on the northern borders of the Arctic region.

"Old Husky" himself gave this information to Ralph Alstine, agent for the Hudson Bay Company, and the story, after being investigated by Dr. Ferlies, was told by him today. He says that there is little room for doubt, as frequent reports have since come of strange implements which the northern natives have in their possession, a telescope being particularly described.

HOME RULE BOLTERS FORM THE HUI KUOKOA

Prince Cupid is at the Head of New Party Which was Launched After Kalaui's Ultimatum.

HUI KUOKOA, the non-partisan party, was launched last night at a meeting held in Foster's Hall, which drew together more than 100 young Hawaiians and a liberal scattering of haoles, every party being represented. The formation of the new organization was effected after a long discussion, committees were provided to look after enrollment and organization, a mass meeting was decided upon and Jonah Kalaui, Prince Cupid, was elected president of the party, subject to the ratification of a convention of the party, to be held later in the campaign.

While the actual birth of the party was a matter of a few moments only, the debates leading up to the complete rupture with Wilcox were heated and long, embracing as they did discussions of the last acts of Kalaui, historical sketches of the fateful midnight and midday conferences, the Senator's tears and blessings, an appeal from Makainai for more time, and a declaration from Prince Cupid that he would not lead his friends away, but for himself he never would again enter the Home Rule party. This was after the Prince had left the hall for a sufficient time to greet the ex-Queen, and it was commonly reported that he returned with her sanction to his fight against Wilcox.

When the meeting opened Bipikane, the veteran of the bolters, prayed for guidance in the shaping of the party which would lead the lahu. The first business was the reading of the report of the committee appointed at the meeting of Friday. This report sets forth that the committee had referred to Kalaui the demands of the bolters in five sections. They were: First, that Kalaui surrender the office of president; second, that the executive committee choose the temporary officers; third, that the organization of precinct clubs and minor organizations proceed under the existing committee; fourth, that a convention be called for a date six weeks distant, which should be apportioned on a basis to be fixed by the executive committee, and should have as its duties the revision of the constitution and the election of permanent officers; fifth, that Kalaui surrender control of the party organ.

The report said that these proposals were received by a representative of Kalaui and that the only answer that the committee could get was a proposition that no action be taken until Thursday, when the committee

PEACE IN PHILIPPINES

Civil Rule Began On Fourth of July.

MANILA, July 6.—As a result of the proclamation of amnesty of July 4th the guard of American soldiers has been withdrawn from the house in which Aguinaldo lived in Manila, and Lieutenant Johnson, Aguinaldo's custodian, brought the Filipino today to see General Chaffee.

Aguinaldo was told that he was free to go anywhere he pleased, and Gen. Chaffee asked him if he had any complaint to make of American discourtesy or harshness. Aguinaldo replied that he had no such complaint to make. He told General Chaffee that he was going to visit friends at his home in Cavite Viejo, in Cavite province, and inquired what protection the American authorities would afford him. He seemed to be afraid to venture out. General Chaffee replied that Aguinaldo would get the same protection as any other citizen.

BOSTON, July 6.—Aguinaldo is coming to the United States and his departure from Manila for San Francisco is expected at any time. He will come direct to Boston to join his former secretary, Sixto Lopez, and will then start out on a tour, delivering a series of lectures on the conditions existing in the islands as he sees them, and make a plea for the independence of his countrymen.

would be given a statement of intention by Kalaui. This the committee did not feel able to do and submitted the proposition to the meeting. The report was at once opened for discussion and there were two motions made affecting it, one that the extension be granted and the other that the report be tabled and the committee discharged. Solomon Meheula led in the favoring of the former course, being followed by John Emmeluth, while Senator Kalaui and Bipikane were the most outspoken in favor of immediate action.

John Wise, explaining the committee's action, told how the points he brought out were framed and sent during the morning to Kalaui. Meheula was the representative of the president of the party and after a long discussion told the committee that delay must be had. The committee would forbear recommendations. Kalaui declared that there was no chance for reconciliation, that the old line men still called the bolters "kids" and would continue to declare that if this time was granted there would be no difficulty in handling the party afterward. Bipikane argued that it was time to come out as men and act. He said after the treatment of the past it was impossible to go back.

A. S. Mahaulu said that when the bolters left the convention they did so with the intention of following the leadership of Prince Cupid. To make concessions for return now would be repudiation of the Prince. The duty of the hour was to form a party and go forward, if to victory, with flying colors; if to defeat, with clean hands. Emmeluth said the state of affairs was grave and a few days would not mean much. He suggested that Makainai be heard, to which Bipikane objected, saying that there was no time now to split, and urging that the request for delay until Thursday meant only time for consideration, not an answer on the merits. He said it was the interests of the people at stake and personal matters should not be permitted to enter.

Nakookoo followed with a declaration that the whole thing was a ruse. Wilcox and Kalaui were men of one mind today and another tomorrow. He knew that they would not give any decided answer then. Andrews urged immediate organization, but Emmeluth argued that while he did not think there would be any result of the wait, to give the time and receive the refusal of terms, would put the onus for the break upon the other party. This would strengthen the young men's party. To refuse to await the answer would give the other side a club.

Senator Kalaui moved that a committee on organization and enrollment be named, and organization be proceeded with at once. He asked if the young men wanted to be fooled by Kalaui and a hundred times. Wise then moved the committee be tabled and the committee discharged. These motions were passed, as was that of Kalaui that the committees be appointed.

Prince Cupid, speaking rapidly and confidently, said that when he entered politics he did so with the idea that he would be able to lead the people into the full realization of the benefits and rights of American citizenship. He wanted to see organized a movement which would be non-partisan, in which both Republicans and Democrats, the best elements of both parties, could come. He said there must be no more of the Legislatures which had been disgracing Hawaii in the past. The best men must be put up and the only way to do this was to have a party entirely without affiliations as to the old party lines. He said there was no organization and what must be done was to arrange this preliminary and select a name. There was some sentiment in favor of a committee working on this, but the fact that this is steam-roller day was effective for immediate action. Young People's Hawaiian party, Aloha Aloha Hawaiian party, Hawaii Holomua, and finally Hui Kuokoa, the latter from Cupid, were suggested, and the last one adopted with cheers for the title.

Chairman Pihai named as the committee on organization the following: Messrs. Meheula, Mahaulu, Keohokale, Andrews, Ewaliko, Kaikaula and Kakaipili. On constitution and by-laws he named the following: John Wise, John Emmeluth and A. S. Mahaulu.

There were several strong speeches in favor of immediate organization and the sending of enrollment—blanks throughout the islands today.

C. A. Long nominated Prince Cupid for permanent president of the new party, but accepted the amendment that the selection be ratified by the convention of the party when held. Cupid was chosen amid cheers, and on taking the chair said that he hoped it would be remembered that this move-

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THE KING IS BETTER

He May Have to Be Operated on Again.

LONDON, July 8.—The bulletin regarding the condition of King Edward, posted at Buckingham Palace at 10 o'clock this morning, says:

"The King's progress is all that can be desired. (Signed) 'TREVES, 'LAKING, 'BARLOW.'"

NEW YORK, July 7.—A cable to the Mail and Express from London says: Immediately after the coronation the King will undergo another operation, or, at least, a searching examination. The primary cause of the ulcer yet remains undiscovered, and it is feared the removal of the vermiform appendix may be necessary.

LONDON, July 7.—King Edward will be crowned between August 11 and August 15. His recovery has been so rapid and satisfactory that the above decision was arrived at today. No official announcement of the fact has yet been made. The pageant through the streets and the ceremony at Westminster Abbey will be much curtailed from the original plan. Their majesties will drive from Buckingham Palace through the Mall to Whitehall and thence to the Abbey, the same route as taken at the opening of Parliament.

FUGITIVE TRACY KILLS MORE MEN

SEATTLE, July 8.—Murderer Tracy and his companion Anderson have left their Whitehall boat at the extreme head of Miller's Bay after journeying from Port Madison, and are headed into the forest. The boat was found stowed away in a clump of bushes. Sheriff Cook with a posse left Port Madison this morning for Miller's Bay. Tracks of two men have been found leading into the forest.

SEATTLE, July 3.—This has been a red letter day in the erratic career of Tracy. He killed Policeman Breese and fatally wounded Neil Rowley in the city limits, after having murdered Deputy Sheriff Charles Raymond and probably fatally wounded Deputy Sheriff John Williams of King county early in the day. When the pursuers caught sight of him he had a commanding place in a clump of trees and fired five true shots from his Winchester. The Governor has offered a reward of \$500 and has sent two companies of militia to aid the posse. A \$5000 reward offered in this city today for the dead body of the merciless murderer caused 500 men armed with Winchester to start in pursuit.

Tracy's story that he killed his partner, David Merrill, by shooting him twice in the back is fast gaining credence.

Following are the men killed by Tracy: Penitentiary Guard S. R. T. Jones. Penitentiary Guard B. F. Tiffany. Cavalier Frank Ingram. His partner, David Merrill (doubtful). Deputy Sheriff Charles Raymond. Policeman Breese. Those wounded are as follows: Chief Deputy Sheriff Jack Williams (probably mortally). Reporter Carl Anderson (flesh wound on arm). Reporter Louis Selfert (flesh wound on face) and Neil Rowley.

Fear a Volcano.

GUTHRIE, Okla., July 8.—Great excitement has been caused at Tulsa, I. T., owing to the discovery by surveyors working north of that place, of cracks in the sides of mounds, as though from great pressure underneath. Gas is escaping from the fissures and a continual hissing and roaring can be heard. On the extreme top of the highest hill there has been a small volcano at work raising up large boulders and tossing them aside. Experts state it is a great oil and gas field and that pressure from a great depth has caused the commotion. The inhabitants of Tulsa are becoming nervous over the state of affairs.

NICARAGUAN REVOLUTION

PANAMA, July 7.—Government advices received here from Nicaragua are to the effect that a revolutionary expedition of over 1000 men has landed near Bluefields, Nicaragua, and has been joined by a large number of Conservatives. The landing of this expedition is said to be the beginning of a strong movement against the government of President Zelaya. Such a movement would be of much benefit to Colombia. It is believed, in that country's difficulties with its revolutionists, as it would prevent help reaching the Colombian liberals on the isthmus from Nicaragua.